EXHIBIT EE

to

Claimant Scherr's Amended Brief in Support of Coverage

1	NO. 98-377			
2				
3	JAMES F. SCHERR,) IN THE DISTRICT COURT)			
4	Plaintiff,)			
5	vs.) EL PASO COUNTY, TEXAS			
6	THE HOME INSURANCE COMPANY,)			
7	Defendant.) 205TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT			

8				
9	ORAL DEPOSITION OF			
10	JAMES F. SCHERR			
11	JANUARY 20, 2003			
12	*************			
13				
14	ORAL DEPOSITION of JAMES F. SCHERR,			
15	produced as a witness at the instance of the Defendant,			
16	and duly sworn, was taken in the above-styled and			
17	numbered cause on the 20th of January, 2003, from			
18	12:24 p.m. to 5:05 p.m., before Rhonda McCay, CSR in and			
19	for the State of Texas, reported by machine shorthand,			
20	at the offices of Brannon Rasberry & Associates, 300			
21	East Main, Suite 1024, El Paso, Texas, pursuant to the			
22	Texas Rules of Civil Procedure.			
23				
24	Copy Prepared for:			
25	Copy Prepared for: <u>Ma. Jain Darnell</u>			
	The state of the s			

1 APPEARANCES 2 FOR THE PLAINTIFF: Mr. Jim Darnell 3 JIM DARNELL, P.C. ATTORNEY AT LAW 4 310 N. Mesa, Suite 212 El Paso, Texas 79901 5 6 FOR THE DEFENDANT: 7 Mr. Burgain G. Hayes DELGADO, ACOSTA, BRADEN, JONES & HAYES, P.C. ATTORNEY AT LAW 8 111 Congress Avenue, Suite 455 9 Austin, Texas 78701 10. 11 12 13 14 INDEX WITNESS 15 PAGE JAMES F. SCHERR 16 Examination by Mr. Hayes 4 **1**7 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

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BRANNON RASBERRY & ASSOCIATES CERTIFIED COURT REPORTERS 300 EAST MAIN, SUITE 1024, EL PASO, TEXAS (915) 533-1199

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1
                        JAMES F. SCHERR,
   having been first duly sworn, testified as follows:
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                           EXAMINATION
   BY MR. HAYES:
 4
        Q.
             Would you please state your name for the
 5
   record.
 6
 7
        Α.
             Jim Scherr.
             Mr. Scherr, my name is Burgain Hayes. You and
 8
   I met briefly at the deposition of Ms. Jobe; is that
 9
   correct?
10
            Yes, sir. Nice to meet you.
11
      ' A.
   Q. Nice to meet you again.
12
13
                 I'm here to take your deposition today as a
   result of your being a plaintiff in a lawsuit that is
14
   styled James F. Scherr, Plaintiff, versus The Home
15
   Insurance Company.
16
17
                You are an attorney in the State of Texas;
18
   is that correct, sir?
        Α.
            Yes, sir.
19
20
            Then I will not attempt to discuss with you the
        Q.
   nuances of taking a deposition.
21
22
                 I just want to make sure that we are both
   understanding the capacity in which you are here.
23
   Counsel and I have had a conversation and an exchange --
24
25
   a Rule 11 exchange indicating that the only expertise
```

you are being designated for is in the area of talking about attorney's fees. Is that as you understand it?

- A. You will have to confer with Mr. Darnell.
- Q. Well, I understand that.
- A. I don't know.

- Q. Would you like to talk to your lawyer and find out the answer to that question? I am really not deposing Mr. Darnell here today.
- A. You are welcome to ask me any question. I will answer to the best of my ability.

MR. DARNELL: He is -- for the record, he is only being designated as an expert on attorney's fees.

- Q. (BY MR. HAYES) So, then, you are here as a fact witness; is that correct, sir?
- A. In whatever capacity I'm asked, I will be happy to answer your questions. But I'm here at the -- at your deposition notice.
- Q. Well, Mr. Scherr, I just want to make sure you and I understand each other. If I take your deposition on the basis of your acting as an expert, then that is, obviously, going to take, A, a lot more time, and, B, it is going to be inconsistent with the Rule 11 agreement that has been entered into by your lawyer, which he instructed you on.

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Q.

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I assume that you will agree with me that,
if you are not designated as an expert except on the
subject of attorney's fees, then the only capacity that
you would be here is as a fact witness. Is that not
correct?
         I will follow the instructions my attorney has
given me. So I will answer to the best of my ability
whatever questions that are asked of me. I intend to
address the fact issues. There may be some questions
that are fact and law because you are asking about a
lawsuit.
are a mark at the Soal don't intend to give any legal
opinions. I intend to address solely fact issues.
    Q. Are you representing yourself here, pro se?
    Α.
         No, sir.
         You went to law school.
                                  Got out when?
did you graduate from law school?
         In 1975.
    Α.
         And where did you go?
    Q.
         The University of Houston.
    Α.
         When did you stand for the Bar?
    Q.
         I took the Bar in 1975.
    Α.
    Q.
         And when did you pass the Bar?
         1976.
    Α.
```

Did you take the Bar in '75 at such a time that

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the results were not provided until 1976, or did you
 1
   take the Bar more than once?
        A. Took it one time.
 3
        Q.
            When were you sworn in?
 4
        Α.
            In 1976.
 5
            And what job did you have as your first job as
 6
        Q.
 7
   a lawyer?
       Α.
            Sole practitioner.
 8
        Q.
            Where?
 9
10
   A. Here in El Paso.
       Q. What type of law did you practice?
    A. Anything that walked in the door.
12
   Q. From that time until today's date, have you
13
   become board certified in anything?
14
15
       A. No, sir.
16
       Q.
            What would you define as your primary practice
   over the majority of your career?
17
       Α.
            Helping people.
18
19
       Q.
            Okay. And in what branches of law were you
   helping people?
20
       Α.
            I'd say, since the early '80s, I have been
21
   handling trial law and personal injury, products, on
22
23
   behalf of people.
24
           You represent plaintiffs as opposed to
25
   defendants?
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A. Yes, sir.

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- Q. You represent plaintiffs as opposed to defendants in cases which ordinarily have a contingency fee?
 - A. Yes, sir.
 - Q. Do you -- strike that.

Have you ever been disciplined by the State Bar?

- A. Yes, sir, I have.
- Q. And how many times have you been disciplined by the State Bar?
- 12 A. Once, to the best of my recollection.
- Q. And when was that?
 - A. I think it was in 1997 or 1998. I don't remember the exact date.
 - Q. And what was the subject of the discipline?
 - A. We had a business that was a separate corporation called Discount Legal Services Scherr & Legate, P.C. The El Paso phone book left out in the regular listing of the phone of Scherr & Legate, P.C., and just ran the name Discount Legal Services. We were disciplined for false advertising, for failure to put our names in the ad. It was not a paid ad. It was just part of our listing in the phone book.
 - Q. What was the discipline assessed?

- A. I don't remember at this time.
- Q. Was your license suspended?
- A. No. There was no -- I think it was a written -- I don't remember what type of disciplinary action was taken, other than it was -- I don't know what disciplinary action was taken.
- Q. Let me stop for a second and approach it this way. Has your license with the State Bar of Texas stayed in force and effect since 1976 until now?
- A. Yes, sir.
- Q. It has not been suspended?
- 12 A. Correct.

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- Q. So I would assume that whatever disciplinary action was taken by the State Bar against you for the discussion that we just had, it would have been other than a suspension of your license?
- 17 A. Yes, sir.
 - Q. What is your experience or was your experience with class action litigation at the time that you undertook the representation which was filed as Rhodes versus American General?
 - A. In law school, an experience with interest on telephone company deposits, not paying interest on them, and then had been, basically, a student of class actions, meaning that I had not been involved as lead

counsel in class actions prior to the Rhodes case.

Q. Now, as we have discussed, we have a number of exhibits present in the room that are original exhibits that have been associated with the depositions of Mr. Hudgins and Ms. Jobe. I'd like you to look -- let me find them. Somewhere I have a cheat sheet at hand.

I would like you to look and see if you can locate the exhibit that is --

- A. If you'll tell me what it is, I'll try and find it.
- Q. I can tell you exactly what exhibit it is.

 12 Look at Exhibit Number 4, please.
 - A. Yes, sir.

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- Q. What is Exhibit Number 4?
- A. It is the original class action petition that I prepared and filed. It was an attempt to create a class action.
- Q. Looking at that particular document, Exhibit Number 4, who -- would you look and tell me who the attorney is that signed it?
 - A. Me.
- Q. Did you have co-counsel at that time on this particular pleading?
 - A. Not to the best of my knowledge.
 - Q. Well --

- A. I was the only one who signed the pleadings. I may have conferred with an attorney at that point, but I don't recollect at this time whether I had or not.
- Q. Mr. Scherr, I asked a bad question. Let me ask it again.

You are aware that when a lawyer or lawyers file a pleading, that they put their name on that pleading?

A. Yes, sir.

- Q. I'd like you to look at Exhibit Number 4 and

 I'd like you to tell me the totality of the lawyers that

 are listed as attorney of record on that particular suit

 as evidenced by Exhibit Number 4, please.
 - A. Me, James F. Scherr.
- Q. So, then, you were acting in the capacity of sole counsel for the individuals named in that case at that time, were you not, according to that pleading?
 - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. Now, do you recognize that when you file a class action, that there is a specific rule under the Texas Rules of Civil Procedure that governs that particular pleading?
 - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. And are you in agreement that that is Rule 42 of the Texas Rules of Civil Procedure?

- A. To the best of my recollection, that is correct.
- Q. Well, I have a copy of O'Connor's Rules for the year 2002 here, which I will put in the middle of the desk or hand to you so that you can look at it. I don't want there to be any mystery about this.

Have you had a chance to look to see whether or not there is a Rule 42 in the Texas Rules of Civil Procedure, whether or not that rule governs class action pleadings?

A. Yes, sir.

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- Q. Now, did you -- in the exhibit which is Exhibit

 Number 4, did you refer to the Texas Rules of Civil

 Procedure, Rule 42?
 - A. I did.
- Q. Did you -- when you did that, did you enunciate or did you pull from the rule any particular language in that pleading?
 - A. Yes, sir.
 - Q. Would you please read for the record the specific allegation that you made in that pleading, Exhibit Number 4, that relates to Rule 42?
 - A. (Reading) Plaintiffs would show that: 1) the class is so numerous, the joinder of all members is impracticable; 2) there are questions of law or fact

common to the class; 3) the claims of plaintiffs are typical of the claims of the class; 4) Plaintiffs, as the representative party, will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the class. Further, Plaintiffs would show that this class action is maintainable pursuant to Texas Rules of Civil Procedure 42(b) for the reason that the prosecution of separate actions by or against the individual members of the class would create a risk of inconsistent or varying adjudications with respect to individual members of the class which would establish incompatible standards of conduct for the party opposing the class, and the common questions of law or fact concerning the refusal to pay chiropractic services by Defendants predominate over any questions affecting only individual members in the class action is superior to other methods available for the fair and efficient adjudication of the controversy.

- Q. Okay. Mr. Scherr, when you filed that, were you aware that there is an obligation in order to receive certification that the lawyer that files a class action has to demonstrate to the court that he is capable of handling a class action as a lawyer?
 - A. Yes, sir.

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Q. At the time that you filed this pleading, did
you have a personal opinion as to whether or not you

were adequately capable to handle a class action?

- A. Are you asking me a legal opinion?
- Q. I'm not asking a legal opinion. I'm asking what your personal opinion was. I was very careful to use the word "personal opinion." It may be a personal opinion judging your legal ability. I'm here in an attempt to learn what your personal opinion was at that point, sir.
- A. Yes, sir.

- Q. Now, I'll ask the question again.
- A. No. I answered the question. You asked if I had an opinion, and I said yes.
 - Q. What was that opinion?
 - A. I felt that I was capable of handling the class action lawsuit both financially and from a legal standpoint. However, in addition to that, I had already consulted other attorneys for consultation purposes and eventually brought in another firm to assist me in certifying -- in pursuing the class action.
 - Q. But you are in agreement with me that, at the time that you filed Plaintiff's Original Class Action Petition, the attorneys noted on the pleading were you alone?
 - A. Me, myself and I, yes, sir.
 - Q. You realize that there was an obligation by

you -- or that you, by filing that pleading, were making a representation to the court about your capacity to represent the class in the class action lawsuit itself; is that correct?

A. Yes, sir.

- Q. In other words, it wasn't your first rodeo in terms of class action litigation? This is not the first time you had ever tried this? Is this the first class action you ever filed?
- A. Yes, sir. I think I indicated that to you. It was the first class action I had filed as lead counsel.
- Q. I'm sorry. I was confused. I thought you were trying to suggest to me that when you were in law school, you participated legally in some fashion with a class action lawsuit that had something to do with an overcharging by --
- A. I wasn't licensed as an attorney. I was not on the pleadings. I was not an attorney of record in any way, shape or form in that case --
 - O. Now --
 - A. -- in law school.
- Q. You also recognized -- or do you agree that prior to the certification of the class action by the court that what is marked as Exhibit Number 4 is a lawsuit brought on behalf of the named plaintiffs until

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a court certifies that it is more; is that correct?
2
       Α.
           Correct.
3
           Who were the plaintiffs in that particular
   litigation at the time that you filed that pleading?
           W.C. LaRock -- Dr. W.C. LaRock, Dr. Joseph
5
   Superville and Coronado Chiropractic Clinic.
           Did that lawsuit that is evidenced as Exhibit
   Number 1 [sic] -- and if we could have an agreement that
   that would be called the "underlying lawsuit." Can we
   have that agreement?
   A. Yes, sir.
11.
           MR. HAYES: I believe that is -- isn't that
   what we used before?
             MR. DARNELL: I think.
    MR. HAYES: I went to great efforts to make
   sure I didn't screw this one up.
    MR. DARNELL: I think that is what we
   called it.
                MR. HAYES: Okay.
           (BY MR. HAYES) My problem, Mr. Scherr, is, as
  you know, I have layered litigation here. I have a
  class action, I have a malpractice case, and then I have
  your action against Home. And I'm just merely trying to
  tell you why I'm coming up with words that could kind of
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encapsulate a concept, as opposed to just being cute or

difficult. 1 If it is acceptable to you, I would like to 2 3 call the Plaintiffs' Original Class Action lawsuit brought on behalf on Dr. W.C. LaRock, Dr. Joseph 5 Superville and Coronado Chiropractic Clinic filed 7/28/88 as the "underlying lawsuit." And I believe 6 7 you've agreed you will do that?

> Α. Yes, sir.

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- Q. Who were the plaintiffs in that particular lawsuit, the underlying lawsuit?
- A. Dr. W.C. LaRock, Dr. Joseph Superville and 11 12 Coronado Chiropractic Clinic.
 - Was there any commonality of the two individuals and that business entity?
 - Yes, sir. Α.
- What was the commonality? 16 Q.
 - At the time, Dr. LaRock, Dr. Superville and Coronado Chiropractic Clinic were together.
- Did they have a common position with regard to Q. 19 20 the named defendant or defendants in that particular case? Did they feel aggrieved by the defendants in a 21 similar fashion? 22
 - Α. Yes, sir.
- Ο. What was the similar fashion that they felt they were aggrieved by the named defendants, those two 25

persons and that business entity?

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- A. That their bills, as doctors of chiropractic, had been cut unjustifiably, unfairly by these -- by the named defendants.
- Q. Which was a large slice of the insurance industry in Texas?
 - A. No, sir. It was some.
- Q. Well, in terms of insurance companies that would be responsible for reviewing fees for medical services by chiropractors, did you not sue a significant part of the insurance industry that was doing that in Texas when you filed this case?
 - A. No, sir.
- Q. Do you know what percentage of insurance companies that were potentially engaging in this discriminatory practice that you discuss in your pleading was sued in this lawsuit?
 - A. No, sir, I do not.
- Q. Never undertook to find that out? You never sought that information?
- A. Well, there are different -- may I answer, if I may, please?
 - Q. Sure.
- A. There are different realms of insurance companies and claims involved in chiropractic and health

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care provider bills. The ones listed in this particular
 1
    lawsuit aimed at -- were aimed at those who were
    handling workers' compensation claims on patients that
    were being treated by the named and identified
   plaintiffs, who had actually cut the bills of the named
   plaintiffs, and Dr. Timberlake, who was a consultant to
 7
    the insurance industry -- to the insurance companies,
    and Intracorp, which was a company that was for -- which
-- 48
9
   had a consulting service, which, as part of his
   responsibilities or business, was reviewing chiropractic
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   bills as the large and all the
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Q. Let me try to rephrase my question to meet your friendly amendment.

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I get the impression that if I were to say, when you selected the defendants against whom you filed this lawsuit, that is Exhibit Number 4, did you select a significant number of the insurance companies that you felt, in your analysis, discriminated against chiropractors in terms of assessing their bills for services rendered within the workers' compensation scheme for persons who were seeking medical -- for on-the-job injuries?

A. The named insurance companies were carriers who actually had bills of LaRock, Superville and Coronado Chiropractic that had reduced or cut their charges. And

in reviewing the defendants, those were some of the -that was a major criteria -- that was the criteria which
was the first hurdle in terms of being named as a
defendant in the initial pleading. I hope that answers
your question.

- Q. It gives me an answer that I can work with.
- A. Okay.

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- Q. Let's go to the next level. Did you add additional named plaintiffs to what I will call the underlying lawsuit at any time from inception, when you filed that pleading, until it was resolved?
- A. Three additional chiropractors were added as named plaintiffs up until the point that my representation of three or four --
- 15 Q. I have a Beard, Bailey and Petrosky. Was there 16 another one?
 - A. Dr. Rhodes.
 - Q. Pardon?
- 19 A. Dr. Walter Rhodes.

Four were added up to the point that Drs. Beard, Bailey and Petrosky terminated our services.

Q. When you added -- at some point in time, you represented, if I understand correctly, in this lawsuit, that is, the underlying lawsuit, you represented six chiropractors and one chiropractic clinic?

A. Yes, sir.

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- Q. And that would be Dr. LaRock, Dr. Superville, Dr. Beard, Dr. Bailey, Dr. Petrosky, Dr. Rhodes and the Coronado Chiropractic Clinic?
 - A. Yes, sir.
 - Q. Now, my question to you is, did you ever expand the numbers of defendants from the pleading that has been provided to you to look at as Exhibit Number 4?
- A. Yes, sir. I think I did, but I don't remember the names of the companies.
- Q. When you added those additional defendants, was that because while, perhaps, Dr. LaRock, Dr. Superville and the Coronado Chiropractic Clinic didn't have a bill or fee controversy with them, one of your new named plaintiffs did?
- A. It could have been either that or that Dr. LaRock, Superville or Coronado Chiropractic Clinic had additional bills that had been cut by other insurance companies.
 - Q. Was this class ever certified?
- A. No, sir.
 - Q. Why not?
- A. We attempted to certify it on two different occasions. The first time I set it for hearing to certify the class, counsel for the insurance companies

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1
   requested a continuance of the judge to permit discovery
   on certification of the class. Then, when -- and we
   went through lengthy discovery.
 3
                After that, I went and got another date.
 4
   think it was in August of -- whatever year it was --
   '92, '93, '94, somewhere in there. I'd have to go back
 7
   and look at my dates -- and set another date for
   certification of the class.
 8
            Prior to the second certification hearing,
 9
10
   our firm was terminated in terms of its representation
   by Dr. Beard, and I was unable at that point to proceed
12
   forward with certification -- or setting on the
   certification in August.
13
    Q. We had a list of six chiropractors and a clinic
14
15
   that you represented at one time, correct?
16
       A. Yes, sir.
17
       Q. Did you cease to represent some of those
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- Q. Did you cease to represent some of those individuals?
 - A. Yes, sir.

18

- Q. Which individuals did you cease to represent?
- 21 A. First, Dr. Beard terminated our services.
- Thereafter, Dr. Bailey and Dr. Petrosky terminated our services.
- Q. Do you have any written -- did you need to confer with counsel?

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No. I'm finished. And I apologize. Go ahead.
        Α.
 1
            Well, he is your lawyer. You can talk to him
 2
   if you want to. I think it is only fair that, on the
 3
   record, we understand that you have talked to your
   lawyer, and the two of you reached an understanding on
 6
   something.
                 And are you prepared to proceed?
 7
            Yes, sir.
        Α.
 8
       Ο.
           Thank you.
 9
       Now, did you ever receive any document from
10
   Dr. Beard, Dr. Bailey or Dr. Petrosky outlining why they
11
   chose to terminate your services in the underlying
12
   lawsuit?
13
           (Discussion off the record)
14
15
       A. Yes.
            (BY MR. HAYES) You know what, I forgot my
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       Q.
17
   stupid question.
                 MR. HAYES: Would you read my question?
18
                 (Pertinent question read)
19
            (BY MR. HAYES) And your answer was yes?
       Q.
20
       Α,
            Correct.
21
22
            And do you have a copy of that document with
23
   you?
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300 EAST MAIN, SUITE 1024, EL PASO, TEXAS (915) 533-1199

Does your lawyer have a copy of that document?

No, sir, I do not.

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Α.

Q.

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Α.
            I don't know.
 1
                 MR. DARNELL: Either in my file or with me?
 2
                 MR. HAYES: Either. I'm most expansive
 3
   with you.
 4
                 MR. DARNELL: I've got it in my file.
   don't know that I brought it with me, because I think
 7
   that is also -- unless I'm mistaken, isn't that in our
   exhibits?
 8
 9
                MR. HAYES: Well, let's look and see.
          MR. DARNELL: I thought it was.
10
       The second MR. HAYES: I don't think it is, and the many
       Q. (BY MR. HAYES) We have an original petition
12
   that -- and, obviously, I think, Mr. Scherr, it is very
13
   fair to say that that is the document in which they
14
15
   indicate to you their disquietude. But I was trying to
   get whether or not you had a letter from any of those
16
   three gentlemen giving you that information.
17
    (Exhibit marked, 36)
1-8
                MR. HAYES: Let the record reflect that we
19
20
   have just marked as Exhibit Number 36, Plaintiffs'
   Eighth Amended Original Petition in a lawsuit styled
21
   Beard, Bailey and Petrosky versus Scherr, et al. And I
22.
   have provided a copy to counsel and to the witness.
23
24
                MR. DARNELL: The more I think about your
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question, I am honestly not sure that I have seen the

letter you are talking about.

MR. HAYES: I don't know that there is one.

Off the record.

(Discussion off the record)

Q. (BY MR. HAYES) Mr. Scherr, we are not trying to be cute. Your lawyer and I are trying to figure out whether or not there was a letter that you would have received prior to the filing of the -- what I would agree we can now call the "legal malpractice case," or the Beard case. That is the second phrase that we use to try to encapsulate a litigation.

Do you have a specific memory of receiving a letter from either Dr. Beard, Dr. Bailey or Dr. Petrosky in which they, not a lawyer on their behalf, details for you the reasons behind them changing counsel?

A. I remember receiving a letter. I don't think the letter specified reasons for the change in counsel on it. And I don't remember -- I don't have any specific recollection of the full letter, other than something to the effect that, I hereby give you notice that I'm terminating your services as attorney.

That's all that stands out in my mind, but I don't remember the details.

Q. I'm going to do something that is very

dangerous. I'm going to attempt to capture the essence of what you just said. I'll try to be as fair as I can because I'd like a crisp answer that captures what we just discussed.

Mould it be fair to say that you have a memory of a letter from either Dr. Beard, Dr. Bailey or Dr. Petrosky in which they, in writing, terminated your services? You remember that, but you don't really remember whether or not it went into any discussion about why. Is that a fair statement?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. Why did they terminate your services at the time that they left?

See Jobert 60 AMR. DARNELL: Object to the form.

Q. (BY MR, HAYES) Obviously, I am calling for you to give me some sense of why -- I mean, if they told you orally, then say, "They told me." If it is just, "Well, you know, they never really said, but I would surmise from the body language or just the way things went."

I'm just trying to figure out why they terminated you.

A. Well, what I was told by Dr. Beard is that he didn't want to pursue the class action any further. He had personal matters that he wanted to address, that he had to address, and he didn't want to be involved in it. Dr. Petrosky advised -- told me that he really didn't

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want to pursue the class action any further, and that he was not getting -- he and Dr. Bailey indicated they did not want to be associated with Drs. LaRock and Superville.
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And Dr. Petrosky indicated to me that of purposes that he was involved in that lawsuit -- it may have been Dr. Bailey too, I don't remember -- the purposes for the undertaking of the action had been pretty much resolved in his mind by the adoption of the Texas Workers' Compensation Commission fee guidelines and medical dispute rules and regulations.

That pretty much describes what I was told.

- Q. Okay. Who represented them next?
- A. I don't know.

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- Q. Okay. Well, at some point in time, a person whose name is currently Jobe indicated that she represented them, as I understand it. So help get methere.
- A. I don't know what happened after they terminated our services, if they sought other counsel. At some point, Martie Georges notified us that she was going to be entering an appearance on behalf of Beard, Bailey and Petrosky.
- Q. Since her name is now Martie Jobe and she was deposed as Martie Jobe, can we assign her the nom de

plume Martie Jobe and speak of her that way --

A. Yes, sir.

- Q. -- even though it is inaccurate if you look at the pieces of paper at the time?
 - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. And, again, at the risk of confusing the matter, but trying to get my arms around it, what you are suggesting to me is, you received information, and if I am correct, it is probably at different times -- I believe someone left first and someone else left and then someone else left. But at some point in time, you received notification from all three that you didn't represent them. Then, at some later time, Martie Georges, or now Martie Jobe, became the lawyer that represented Drs. Petrosky, Bailey and Beard?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. How did the Rhodes versus American General lawsuit end for those three individuals? Did she settle the case for them with the defendants, and were releases executed, or do you know?
- A. From review of the pleadings, she did settle the case. She filed a judgment dismissing the case in its entirety. And I believe she entered in release agreements with certain -- with the defendants receiving some money in settlement.

What happened to the case that you filed Ο. insofar as Dr. LaRock, Dr. Superville and the Coronado Chiropractic Clinic and Dr. Rhodes? What happened with that litigation?

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- Α. Prior to the dismissal by Ms. Jobe, the claims of LaRock, Superville, Rhodes and Coronado Chiropractic were settled with the named defendants that were named at that time.
- And then I assume that that particular case was dismissed? Probably to the state of the stat

To be a trained and MR was DARNELL: Object to form we was

- And The individual claims of the named plaintiffs that I was representing were dismissed, yes, sir.
- Leading Q. (BY: MR.: HAYES) Now, do you, in your personal -1.4 opinion, recognize that insofar as the class action 1.5... issues were concerned, under Texas class action law, since no class was certified, members of a noncertified 17class were not bound by the settlements entered into by the named defendants and the named plaintiffs in that case, or do you know?

MR. DARNELL: Object to form.

- Are you asking me a legal opinion? Α.
- 2:3 Q. (BY MR. HAYES) Well, I am forced to probe that because of your answer to the question. And I'm trying 24 to determine whether or not you hold an opinion, whether 25

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it is a legal opinion or any kind of an opinion, that if
a class action is filed, a class action is not
certified, that somehow the dismissal of the underlying
action -- noncertified class action has some effect on a
noncertified unnamed class.
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My reading of the law is that it doesn't.

There is no res judicata, no collateral estoppel. All that has happened is some named plaintiffs have raised a claim against some named defendants that has been worked out, settlements have been executed, the matter is, at that point, resolved res judicata, or accord and satisfaction would attach should they attempt to raise those very same claims again against those same defendants, but that is all we have done.

disagreement of opinion on this issue.

- A. If I'm understanding you correctly, prior to certification of the class and prior to dismissal of all parties to the class, if some of the named persons settle their individual claims with the defendants, that is permissible --
- Q. Well, let me say it even more succinctly.

 Under Texas law --
 - A. -- as existed back then.
 - Q. Well, I'm going to say, even today, under Texas

law, then and today --

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- A. I don't know what it is today.
- Q. Well, let's just say, back then, if a lawsuit is filed and it is filed as a class action and no certification occurs, the named defendant -- named plaintiffs have an absolute right to settle their individual claims at that point?
- A. That's what I believe the case was in terms of the individual plaintiffs that I represented at that time.
- potential class member -- if the class had been certified, would have been a class member, and I learned about the lawsuit and learned that no class was ever certified and I learned that the lawsuit was settled, except for statute of limitation issues, I could file a new lawsuit on my own behalf, style it a class action, and my rights have not been impaired?
 - A. As I understood the law back at that time, that's the way I understood it to be.
 - Q. Now, did you have, factually, an attorney-client relationship with any other chiropractors that were plaintiffs in the underlying lawsuit that we haven't discussed?
 - A. At any time in life -- or involved in that

lawsuit? 1 Q. Yes. 2 Involved in that lawsuit, no. 3 Α. Q. Did you not take that position later when there was an intervention filed? 5 Α. That's correct. 6 7 We call that the "Gillespie intervention." Q. Got it. 8 Α. Q. And I believe that the Gillespie intervention . 9 10 was dealt with through a motion for summary judgment, the basic point of which was, they weren't my clients, 11so they can tecomplain about my legal services. 12: 13 A. Correct. Q. And that was upheld on appeal? 14 A. Correct 15 Q. And I believe the Gillespie opinion is attached 16 17 as an exhibit here. 18 Α. Correct. I think it is an exhibit. 19 MR. DARNELL: The last exhibit. 33. 20 Α. (BY MR. HAYES) For the record, the Gillespie 21 Q. 22 opinion is Number 33. Now, I take it that your position 23 consistently has been that, in regards to the 24

intervention, the persons who were the Gillespie

plaintiffs in the intervention had no standing to complain about your legal services, topside or bottom, because they weren't your clients?

A. Correct.

- Q. It would be your position here today that the appellate court agreed with you?
- A. The appellate court found that there was no attorney-client relationship.
 - Q. This may not take as long as we thought.

Now, I need to discuss with you -- I need to discuss with you the insurance policy involved in this matter, and I don't think -- I don't think that the policy has been marked. Let me get a copy.

MR. DARNELL: It has not.

MR. HAYES: I'm going to suggest that this is -- do we have a paper clip here? I'm going to suggest this is the policy. You and I can hash that out later. But I'm going to give him the dec sheets too.

(Exhibit marked, 37)

Q. (BY MR. HAYES) I'm going to hand you what the court reporter is going to mark as a packet. That packet, or Exhibit Number 37, is going to consist of what I will call two dec sheets, or renewal certificates, and an underlying policy issued by Home Insurance, Professional Liability Insurance Policy,

slash, Lawyers. 1 I'd like you to look at that and see if 2 that appears to be a reasonable attempt to provide you 3 with the insurance policy involved in this matter, meaning your dispute between yourself and the Home 5 6 Insurance Company. 7 Α. It appears to be. MR. DARNELL: Let's look through the pages. MR. HAYES: I will state on the record, as 9 an officer of the court, this is my best attempt to give 10 11 him the insurance policy, but I also can tell you that I'm not -- you and I will need to -- why don't we agree, 12 on the record, that we, within a very reasonable period 13 of time, will satisfy ourselves that we have the proper 14 policy. 15 16 0. (BY MR. HAYES) You are looking at something, Mr. Scherr, and I'm not trying to invade your mental 17 processes, but is there something that you see there 18 that concerns you that suggests maybe that it is not the 19 policy in question? 20 Α. I'm just reading. 21 22 Ο. Okay. 23 MR. HAYES: Can we go off the record for a second? 24

(Discussion, off the record)

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(BY MR. HAYES) Mr. Scherr, your lawyer and I
       Q.
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  have recognized that we are going to, between the two of
  us, satisfy ourselves that we have one good copy of the
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  insurance policy involved. I will purport on the record
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  to say that the document that is in Exhibit Number 37,
  you have two dec sheets, which are renewal notices, and
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  then you have a nine-page document that ends in a 5,
  dash, 86, and I'm going to suggest to you that is the
  insurance policy we received from you in response to
  your request for production responses -- or our request
  for production responses.
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Does this appear to be the insurance policy that governed your relationship with the Home Insurance Company during the time that you were involved in the prosecution of the underlying chiropractic class action lawsuit?

- Α. I believe so.
- 0. Okay. Now, when you got that policy, did that -- did you ever get that policy personally?
 - I believe so. Α.
 - Q. Did you read it?
 - Probably not. Α.
 - Q. Okay.

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24 Α. When I got it, I don't know that I went through 25 the whole policy.

- JAMES F. SCHERR JANUARY 20, 2003 36 What was the purpose of that policy when you 0. 1 purchased it? To provide coverage for malpractice. What do you mean by "malpractice," in your personal opinion? Any acts or omissions taken by myself or my law Α. firm, the employees working with me, related to or arising out of the practice of law, and it protects us from claims of our clients, mistakes, errors, omissions, breach of fiduciary duty, mistakes that occur. Q. Now, did you read the exclusions portion of that particular policy? A. At what point in time? O. Ever. A. I have. 15 Would you look at that exclusions portion of the policy, please? Α. Yes, sir. Can we go off the record for a second? Q. Sure. (Discussion off the record)

Okay. I'm looking.

- (BY MR. HAYES) Mr. Scherr, on what page is the Q. exclusions part of the policy?
 - 5 of 9. Α.

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- Q. 5 of 9, Section C?
- Α. Yes, sir.

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- In your reading of that, when is the first time you read the exclusion section of this policy, to the best of your knowledge?
 - I don't remember at this time. Α.
- Okay. Is there a deductible associated with Q. this policy? 8
 - A. Yes, sir.
- 10 Q What is the deductible?
- And Aregulathink it is 5,000. 5,000.
 - 5,000 per policy, period? Q.
- 13 Α. Per claim.
- 14 Q. Per claim.
- 15 What does that mean, as you understand it?
- A. That for each claim arising under the terms of 16 the policy, that the insured pays 5,000. 17
 - The first 5,000? Q.
- Yes, sir. First 5-, whenever demand is made on 19 Α. 20 the insured to pay 5,000.
- 21 Let me ask it this way: Do you know whether or not the limits of this policy are burdened by costs of 22 defense? 23
 - Α. Yes.
- 25 Let's assume that someone files a claim under Q.

this policy against the policyholder. The insurance company assigns the matter to a lawyer, and the lawyer sends a bill for 5,000 to the insurance company. Who is, as you understand the policy, obligated to pay that first bill from the lawyer, if any in the case?

- A. Just a moment, please. May I go off the record, please?
- Q. For what purpose? Do you want to talk to your lawyer?
- 10 A. No. Are you asking me if the policy provides

 11 that the first 5- -- the legal fees come off the side of

 12 the --
- Q. Yes, sir.

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- A. -- the claims portion.
- Q. Would you look at page 6, Limits of Liability/Aggregate, Deductible, III.
 - A. Okay. It is right here.
- Q. I believe the literal reading of that would indicate that the deductible --
- A. I was on another issue. I was on the issue of whether attorney's fees come out of the claims portion.
- Q. Well, is it your suggestion that there is any question but that attorney's fees are countered against the limits of the policy?
 - A. I answered before that I had an opinion on

that. And, in looking at this, I don't see a specific provision that says attorney's fees come out of the per claim limit. That's what I was asking you, if you could please point me to that paragraph.

Q. Okay. I will, if you will just hang on for just a second.

If you would look at Section E, Limits of Liability: The liability of the company for each claim first made against the insured and reported to the company during the policy period, including the optional reporting period, if such is purchased, shall not exceed the amount stated in the declaration for each claim and shall include all claim expenses.

MR. DARNELL: "Claim expenses" is defined on the next page just above Claims, for some reason.

- Q. (BY MR. HAYES) "Fees charged by any lawyer designated by the company."
 - A. Okay.

- Q. "All other fees, costs and expenses --"
- A. Thank you. That clears up my question.
- Q. My question to you is, the example that I gave is that an attorney is, someone makes a claim against a policyholder. The policyholder turns it over to the Home Insurance Company. The Home Insurance Company hires a lawyer. The lawyer does what the lawyer does

and sends a bill for 5,000.

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Is there any question in your mind that the first \$5,000 bill would represent the deductible and be responsible to the policyholder, under the policy?

A. Yes, sir. That is one way it can be handled.

Another way that it can be handled is a lawyer who is handling the claim bills the insured directly and the money is paid directly.

Another way is that there may be legal fees or expenses, claim defenses that are paid prior to the law firm being retained by an insurance company that are incurred.

But that is one way that it is definitely handled.

MR. DARNELL: Just for purposes of the record, just so we don't interrupt this, as you are going through these questions, can I just have a running objection that we are really doing legal opinions?

MR. HAYES: Sure. To the extent that -- I mean, I'm just going to be candid on the record with both of you. My point is, I don't think that it requires a lawyer to read that policy, and I'm asking him here, as a fact witness, the same as I would do if he were a guy sitting here with a Home policy. I'm not asking for opinions as a lawyer.

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It is my position that this policy is -how would we say? -- clear and unambiguous and subject
to being read by the average individual. And that's the
predicate upon which I'm asking you these questions.
And I will join you in an objection if I'm calling for a
legal conclusion.

If he, at any time, feels that, you know,
"I believe that a lawyer is going to have to answer that
question, that is just not something that I think can be
read in the policy and understood in the policy, you've
got to be an insurance lawyer to understand that," I'm
going to invite Mr. Scherr to say that on the record,
and then I will say, "I will move on."

Do we understand each other clearly?

MR. HAYES: I appreciate your distinction there.

- A. There may have been some answers I gave previously, counsel, that would have been legal opinions in my interpretation of years of handling insurance claims on behalf of plaintiffs.
- Q. (BY MR. HAYES) I will give you an opportunity, at this point, Mr. Scherr, that if you answered any questions about how you looked at your policy, and you think that any of the answers that you gave were answers

that required an insurance lawyer to give, and that that is because the policy is sufficiently complex, that the terms are sufficiently legalistic or confusing that they can't be understood by the average individual that would be able to read an insurance policy, I will invite you, at this point, to stake out your ground, and we'll get it staked out and move on.

- A. It would be hard for me to do that, because you have covered some territory already. I would propose that we move forward. And hereafter, I -- if I think there is a legal -- because I can't remember all the questions that you --
- Q. I will ask it simple for you. I will ask the same questions again very quickly.

Number one, you have indicated that you received the policy; is that correct?

A. Yes, sir.

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- Q. And you -- I'm going to say to you what kind of insurance policy did you buy, Mr. Scherr, when you bought this policy? What were you intending to do?
- A. You are asking for a legal opinion, or are you asking me for what I wanted as a person buying a policy of insurance?
- Q. I'm asking you for -- I mean, I'm asking you,
 what did you think that you paid your money for? What

did you buy?

You went to a broker. You told him, "I want malpractice coverage." I mean, I would assume your answer is, "If I was negligent, as a lawyer, I wanted a policy to cover me." Is that what you bought a policy to cover for?

A. No. I bought a policy of insurance, from my standpoint, in layman's terms, to provide coverage for me, my employees, or people working under me or at my direction to provide -- to pay for the defense of and pay any judgment or settlement that may be rendered against us for any acts or omissions involved in the practice of law.

And that would have been whether it be negligence -- now we are getting into legal -- negligence, breach of fiduciary duties, whatever the cause of actions that may be legally brought against attorneys or legal professionals for representation of clients.

Q. Well, let me ask this question: What if someone came to your office as a client, and, during the time that individual was in your office as a client, you got in an altercation, and you struck that individual, and they filed a claim against you for battery? Did you believe that would be covered by this policy, as a

layperson?

- A. That is a legal opinion that you are asking for.
- Q. No. I'm asking whether or not you thought that when you bought this policy, you were buying a policy that would cover you for intentional torts. That's my point.

If the answer is yes, that's fine. If the answer is no, that's fine. I don't think that takes someone who is an insurance lawyer to answer.

A. We'll, you are asking for a legal opinion. I think, if a client comes into your office to discuss with you legal matters, that client beats you up --

Q. That wasn't my question.

A. -- and you respond to that client doing so in defense of yourself bodily, that emanated out of the practice of law, I don't know whether that would be covered or not. I have seen attorneys that have gotten shot and killed in divorce matters. It has been -- it's a real tragedy.

I can't answer -- I don't know. That is pretty complicated legal stuff to me. I don't know how far it goes.

MR. HAYES: I'm going to object to that as nonresponsive.

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will move on.

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Q.
           (BY MR. HAYES) Would you please not rephrase
  my question. Listen to my question. If you don't
  understand it, tell me, and I'll rephrase it.
               Here is my question. Someone comes into
  your office. He is your client. You two have a verbal
   disagreement. And you, not to defend yourself but
  because you just are irritated, poke him in the nose.
    Okay. Now, I want to know whether or not
  it is your testimony here today, as a person who bought
  this policy, that you thought that conduct ought to be
  covered by your policy? And the facts are just that
11-
  stark.
                                   A: A: I think you are asking for a legal opinion on
  that. Is that what you are asking me for?
   Q. No. -I'm asking you as an individual -- you are
  a person who can read and write the English language.
  You have a policy in front of you. If you want to tell
  me that you are incapable, as you sit here today, in
  explaining -- in answering that question without going
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If you are going to tell me, "Mr. Hayes, that is pretty plain, that's pretty simple, that's kind of a stupid question, of course that is not covered.

into some sophisticated insurance law concept, then that

is fine. Then I would like to hear that answer, and we

That is an intentional tort. I'm poking someone in the nose for no reason except I got irritated, and there is no way that anyone would suggest that policy covers that."

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But if that is not your opinion, then fine.

MR. DARNELL: Object to form and object to sidebar.

The problem we are running into here is, we are making a fine distinction between personal and legal. And the only people that buy legal malpractice policies are lawyers, and lawyers cease being people about the second week of law school.

So we have a running objection on that. You have given me that.

I would say, answer it as best you can without trying to make a legal distinction.

MR. HAYES: I want to be very clear -- just a second. I want to be very clear on the record just so we have no argument about this later.

Just -- well, lawyers buy insurance just like anybody else. And you and I recognize that sometimes lawyers get in disagreements with their insurance companies about the policies, and the insurance company and the lawyer both go to get an expert to argue it out.

I'm not at that level. Don't want to go there. He has not been listed or designated as an insurance specialist, insurance lawyer expert.

Although, if he has sued an insurance company on behalf of a plaintiff at some time, he probably has the capacity to do that, but it is not a hat he is wearing here today.

I'm asking, as a consumer of an insurance policy, whether or not that policy, when he purchased it, was what he considered to be a malpractice -- "malpractice" is usually defined as negligence policy.

And because there is an issue about things that can get thrown in to a multifactorial dispute between a lawyer and his client, you know, I want to make sure that we are at least -- I'm getting two extremes of the pole.

Would be covered. I'm saying, fine, but I want to know whether or not an intentional tort, as stark as I have come up with, was it your expectation, as a consumer of that policy, that that would be covered?

He is going to do one or two things. He is going to say "yes" or "no," or he is going to say, "That is too tough a question for me to answer. I don't think that can get answered, because I don't think the policy

is clear and unambiguous at that point, and I think it's going to take an insurance specialist." If he takes a third option -- I don't care the answer. I want to know his mindset.

I'm going to step back now, and I'm going to ask the same question.

- Q. (BY MR. HAYES) Do you feel, Mr. Scherr, that if someone is negligent, that is covered under this policy; that the failure to do what an ordinary person in the same or similar circumstances, given the level of legal expertise that person had in the practice of law, is it your feeling that that is covered by the policy?
 - A. It is supposed to be, yes, sir.
- Q. Okay. My next question to you is, is it your opinion that this policy would cover an intentional tort in which you, not in self-defense, punched one of your clients in the nose because you became angry at that client?
- A. Is there a defense raised that it was done negligently by the person who did the punching?
 - Q. No. You didn't just flail your arm out.
- A. And the person just admits that he did it intentionally.
 - Q. You stood up and sucker punched him.
- A. No.

Q. I'm saying that is the facts of the situation. You stood up at your desk and clobbered him because you are mad.

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- A. Here is the problem that I have, because I have a personal knowledge of a malpractice coverage carrier providing a defense to an attorney locally who apparently did that to somebody, and provided a defense under the terms of malpractice coverage.
- Q. But that is a different policy. You can't tell me that that is this policy.

I'm asking you to look at this policy -- I don't care about anybody else, any other policies. I don't care about adjustment issues. Adjusters aside.

I'm talking about the literal reading of that policy.

Does it cover a person standing up in his

- office and punching his client in the nose because he gets irritated?
- A. Under Section B, Coverage of Professional
 Liability and Claims Made Clause, it says: The
 insurance company is to pay on behalf of the insured all
 sums in excess of the deductible amount stated in the
 declaration which the insured shall become legally
 obligated to pay as damages as a result of claims first
 made against the insured during the policy period and
 reported to the company during the policy period caused

by any act, error or omission for which the insured is legally responsible, and arising out of the rendering or failure to render professional services for others in the insured's capacity as a notary and/or lawyer -- notary public or lawyer.

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Exclusion provision says that: This policy does not apply to any judgment or final adjudication based upon, arising out of any dishonest, deliberately fraudulent, criminal, maliciously or deliberately wrongful acts or omissions committed by the insured.

To respond to your question, if there is an act by the insured that arises -- that arose out of the rendering or failure to render professional legal services, until there is a final adjudication or judgment based upon arising out of dishonest, deliberately fraudulent, criminal, maliciously or deliberately wrongful acts or omissions committed by the insured, until that is determined, there may be coverage.

So my answer to you is, that is the best I can say it to you. It depends what the defense is.

Q. I'll stay with you. I'll accept that answer.

My next question is, is there a duty to defend a lawsuit arising out of the very stark facts that I gave you, which says, "I went to my lawyer's

office, he stood up and punched me in the nose, and I am suing him for an intentional tort, battery." If that lawsuit -- the pleading in that lawsuit were received by you --

A. As a lawyer.

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- Q. -- through the constable -- no, through the constable. You did it. You punched him in the nose -- do you have any expectation, under this policy, that there is a duty on behalf of Home Insurance to defend that particular claim?
 - A. First off, I'm a super pacifist.
- Q. Mr. Scherr, I'm so proud of you. Stay with me.

 13 Stay with me, Mr. Scherr.
 - A. If it is the defense of the case that it was not intentional, dishonest, deliberately fraudulent, criminal, malicious, or deliberately wrongful act or omission committed by the insured and the insured makes a request on his carrier to provide the defense, there may be coverage under the terms of the policy.

MR. HAYES: Object. Nonresponsive.

- Q. (BY MR. HAYES) I didn't ask you if there was coverage. Let me ask you if there was a duty to defend, which --
- A. If the insured claims a defense that it was arising out of the practice of law in performance of

services for the client and there was a defense raised by the insured that it was not an intentional, criminal, malicious or deliberately wrongful act, there would be a duty to defend, if that is the position.

Q. That is your best answer to my question containing the following facts: A person comes into your office. He is your client. You became angry at him. You stood up from your desk, and in a non-negligent but intentional fashion, you punched him in the nose.

the street to another lawyer's office, told the lawyer what happened. The lawyer drafted a pleading that said, "Mr. Scherr intentionally struck my client for which we seek monetary damages." That is taken and filed and a constable takes that piece of paper over to your office, serves you with it.

It is your suggestion to me, at this point, that you would expect the insurance company to defend that particular pleading -- to defend you under that particular pleading. Is that what you are telling me?

- A. I think I've already answered that.
- Q. I don't, and I want to know right now if that is what you are telling me. I disagree with you. I think you have done the best you can to worm around it.